

## Transparency

- Blending colors
- Frame buffer limitations
- Compositing

## Basic Alpha Blending

Transparent front color with opacity  $\alpha$       Solid back color

$$rgb = \alpha \cdot rgb_f + (1 - \alpha) \cdot rgb_b$$

## Basic Alpha Blending

Transparent front color with opacity  $\alpha$       Solid back color

$$rgb = \alpha_1 \cdot rgb_1 + (1 - \alpha_1) \cdot [\alpha_2 \cdot rgb_2 + (1 - \alpha_2) \cdot rgb_3]$$

$$rgb = \alpha_1 \cdot rgb_1 + (1 - \alpha_1) \cdot \alpha_2 \cdot rgb_2 + (1 - \alpha_1) \cdot (1 - \alpha_2) \cdot rgb_3$$

## Blending Alphas

Transparent front color with opacity  $\alpha_f$       Transparent back color with opacity  $\alpha_b$

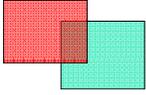
$$rgb = \alpha_f \cdot rgb_f + (1 - \alpha_f) \cdot \alpha_b \cdot rgb_b$$

$$\alpha = \alpha_f + (1 - \alpha_f) \cdot \alpha_b$$

Process in either front to back or back to front order  
But can't insert surface between them later - why?

## Premultiply alpha

Transparent front color with opacity  $\alpha_f$     Transparent back color with opacity  $\alpha_b$

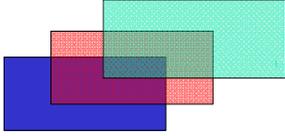


$$rgb = \alpha_f \cdot rgb_f + (1 - \alpha_f) \cdot \alpha_b \cdot rgb_b$$

$$\alpha = \alpha_f + (1 - \alpha_f) \cdot \alpha_b$$

Notice - rgb always appears multiplied by its  $\alpha$   
Can store rgb's as *premultiplied* by  $\alpha$

## Frame Buffer



- What about z value in depth buffer?
- Manage z-values: `glDepthMask(GL_FALSE)`

## Transparency in OpenGL

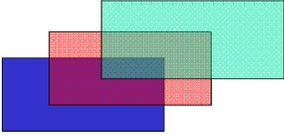
```
glEnable(GL_BLEND);
glBlendFunc(GL_SRC_ALPHA, GL_ONE_MINUS_SRC_ALPHA);
```

Draw polygon that has alpha values set

```
glDisable(GL_BLEND);
```

## "Screendoor" transparency

- No blend - use alternating pixels from different surfaces



What about z value in depth buffer?

## Stipple in OpenGL

Uses 32x32 pattern

```
-GLubyte halftone[] = {
0xAA, 0xAA, 0xAA, 0xAA, 0x55, 0x55, 0x55, 0x55 , 0x55
...repeat 16 lines
}

glEnable(GL_POLYGON_STIPPLE);
glPolygonStipple(halftone);

draw polygon

glDisable(GL_POLYGON_STIPPLE);
```

## Compositing

- Without pixel z values
- With pixel z
  - use depth at pixel corners to interpolate partial coverage



## Compositing

Z buffer: keep z values with color buffer

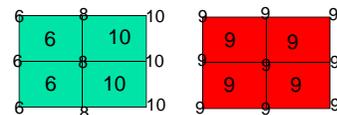
- Compare z values at corresponding pixels
- Keep all or nothing



## Compositing

Z buffer: keep z values with color buffer

- Compare z values at corresponding pixels
- Compute partial coverage:
  - Interpolate corner z values
  - Compare corner values for pixel and blend



## Compositing

### Alpha Channel

Value between 0 and 1

Combined partial coverage and transparency

Computed during rendering in front of a null background

2 1/2 D blend based on alpha of image in front

RGB	alpha
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32 bit pixel values

## Compositing - example

