To Ponder

Does a problem get *easier* or *harder* to solve if I give you *less* information?

Computer Science & Engineering

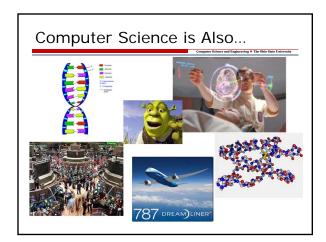
An Introduction

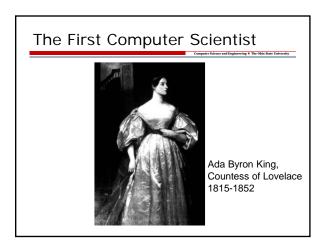
(and some advanced concepts too!)

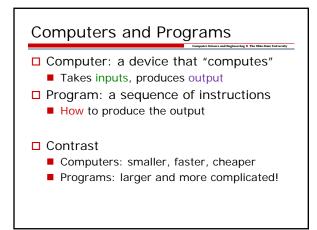
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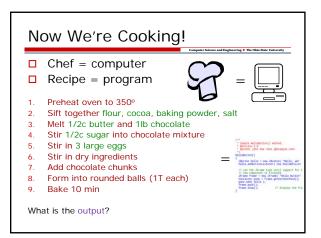


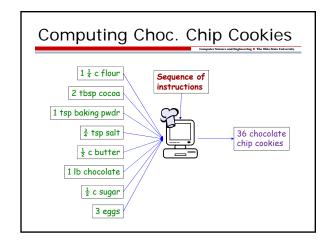


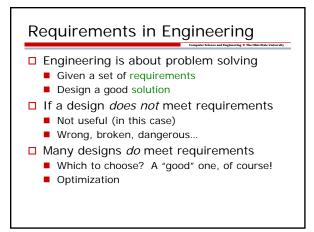


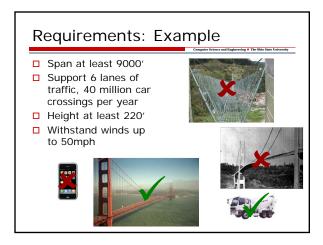


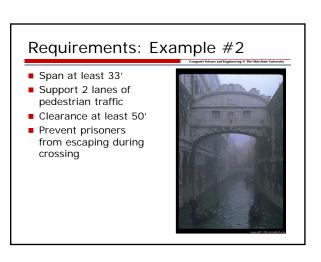




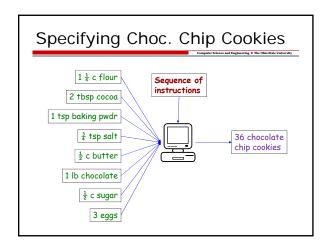




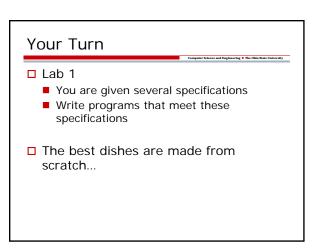


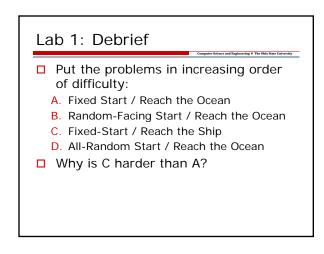


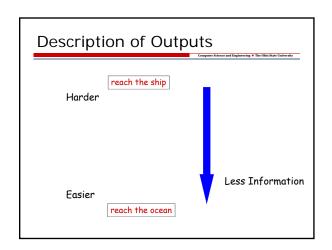
Back to Software Engineering A software engineer builds programs Instructions for how to turn inputs into outputs Recipe engineering! A program must meet certain requirements... How are requirements given for a program? How are requirements given for a recipe? (For software, "requirements" are usually called "specifications")

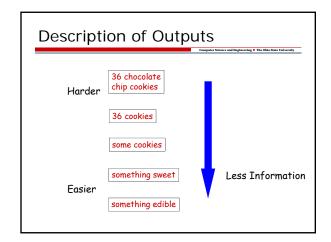


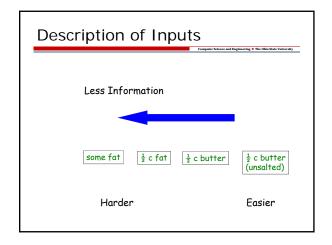
Requirements in Software A software engineer builds programs Instructions for how to turn inputs into outputs Recipe engineering! Programs must meet specifications What transformation to do (not how to do it) input: ingredients output: final dish For the same requirements, many solutions Good recipes are efficient Good recipes are easy to understand Good recipes are easy to change

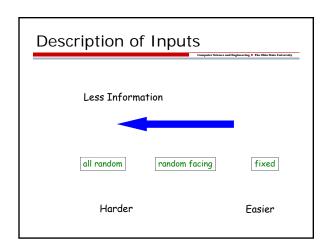


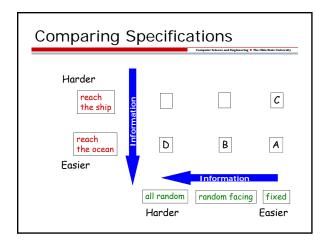












Lab 1 Take-Home Messages

A specification that says less about outputs is easier to implement

But may be less useful (might not produce an appealing final dish)

A specification that says less about inputs is harder to implement

But may be more useful (more general since it can be applied in more situations)

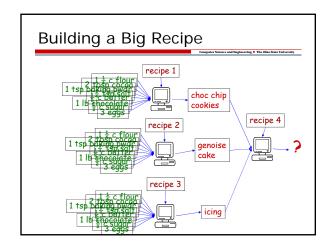
Lab 2: Composition

Big programs are always built out of lots of smaller ones

Output from one program can be used as input to another

Example

recipe for chocolate chip cookies
recipe for frosting





Take-Home Messages

- □ Computer program: a sequence of instructions
 - A recipe for a chef
- ☐ Specifications: what to do (not how)
 - Given in terms of inputs and outputs
 - Less information about outputs, easier to implement
- Less information about inputs, harder to implement
- $\hfill \square$ Software engineering: how to design programs
 - Recipe design: correct, easy to understand and modify
 Usually work in teams: communication & coordination
- □ Composition: big programs from smaller ones
 - Output of one program can be input to another

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An Introduction

(and some advanced concepts too!)

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