### CSE 5542 - Real Time Rendering

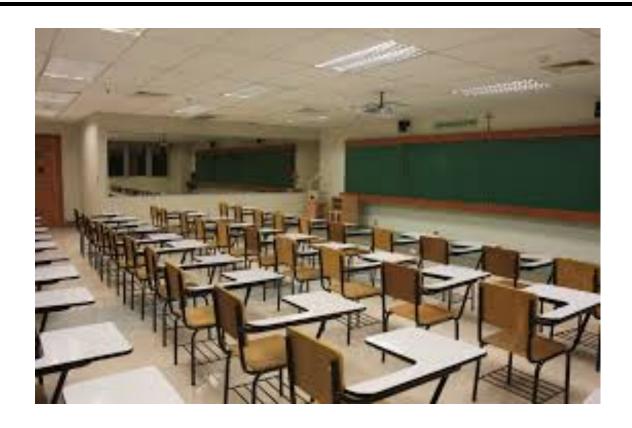


#### **TBT**

### (Not So) Real Time Rendering



### Where?



Time - TR 11:10 AM - 12:30 pM Place - DL 0264



### Labs?

Your own machine ...

Graphics PC Lab – CL 112D?

• Platforms: PC (visual studio), Mac OS X or Linux

### Who Am 1?



#### The Instructor

Name: Raghu Machiraju

Email: machiraju. I@osu.edu

Office hours: M: 3-4 PM

TR12:30 PM - 1:30 PM



## Grading



### The Grader

Name: Tzi-Husan Wei

Email: TBA

Office hours:

Monday: 4:30-5:30 PM

Wed: 3:00-5:00 PM

Fri: 3:00-5:00 PM



## Grading

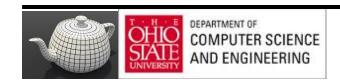
Labs: 45% (10+12+13+10) - Strict deadlines.

Final Project: 15% - No Final Exam

Quizzes: 20%(5x4)

- (Take Home) Midterm: 15%





#### Information

Web: http://www.cse.ohio-state.edu/~raghu/5542

Piazza: https://piazza.com/osu/spring2015/cse5542/home

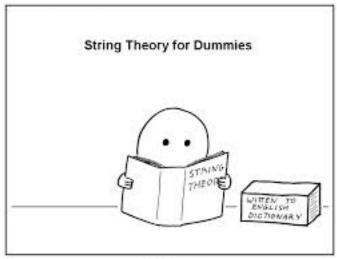
Prerequisite: 3901 (560) or 3902 or 3903

math 2568 (568) or 571

permission from the instructor



## Pre-reqs



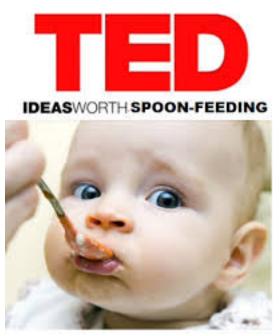
STEP 1: begin

#### Must Haves

- ✓ You need to be enthusiastic about Computer Graphics
- √ You need to be fluent in C/C++/Java programming
- √ You need to be comfortable with linear algebra
- ✓ You need to be willing to get hands-dirty: OpenGL, WebGL, 3D Printing, GLSL, hardware

#### CAVEATS – Not a ...

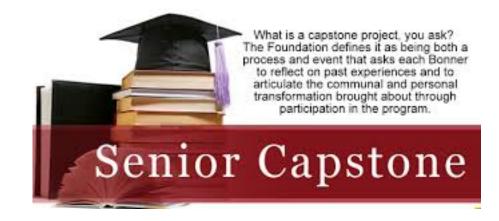


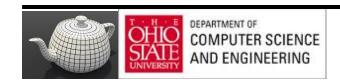


#### Closer to ...

```
Cummings the project remaind the project remai
```

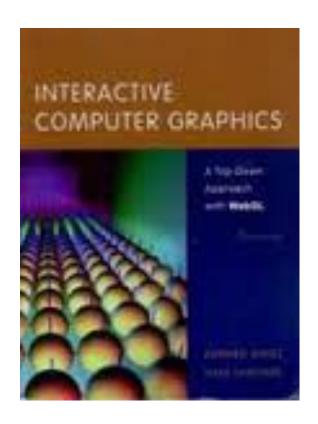






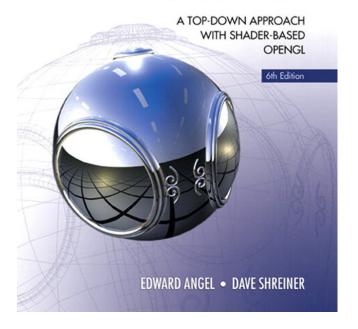


### The Book



## Earlier ...

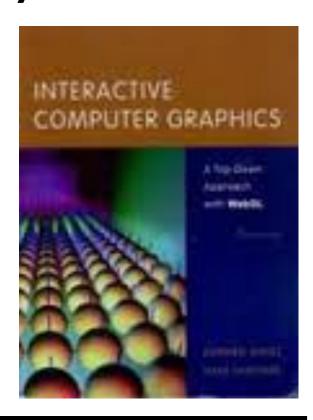
# INTERACTIVE COMPUTER GRAPHICS



#### Diff 7e 6e



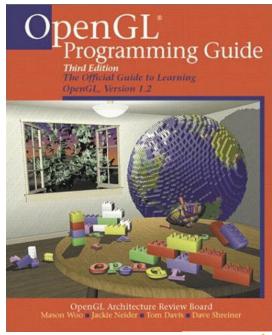
### Will Follow Text Closely



## Useful Books – OpenGL, GLSL

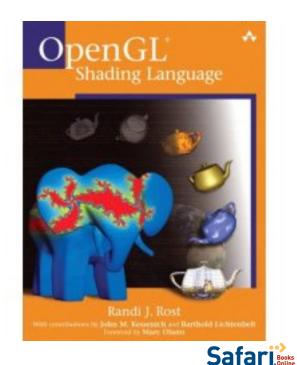


http://proquest.safaribooksonline.com





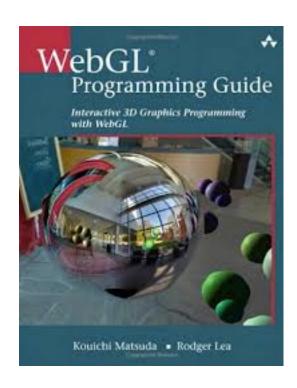
OpenGL programming Guide, 8<sup>th</sup> edition



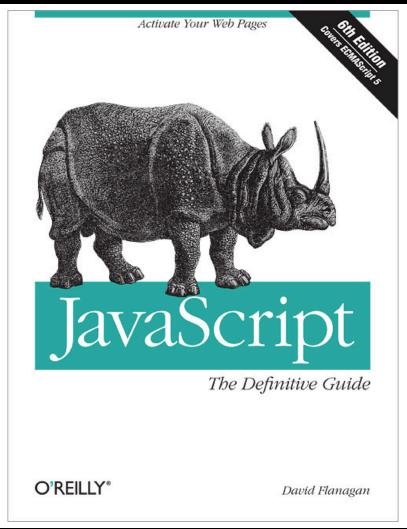
OpenGL shading language 3<sup>rd</sup> edition



#### Useful Books - WebGL



### Useful Books - JavaScript





#### Useful Tool - Blender

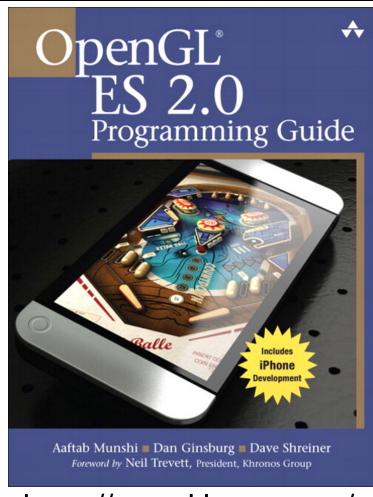


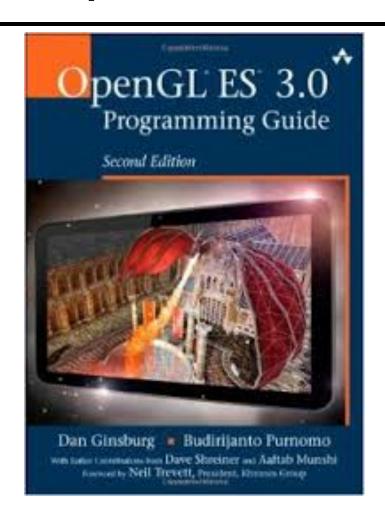






### Reference Books – OpenGL/ES

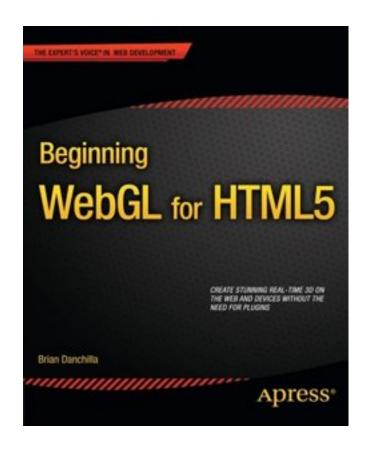




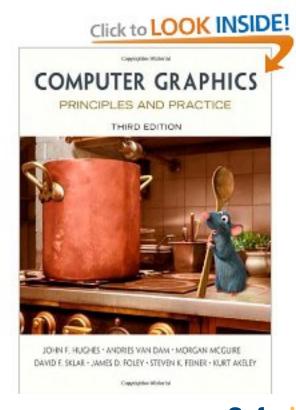
https://www.khronos.org/



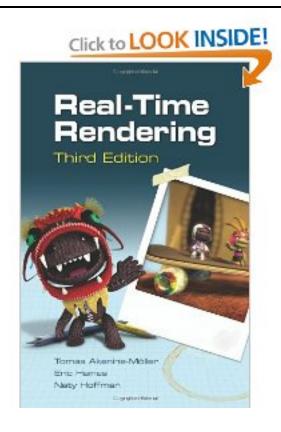
#### Reference Books – HTML5



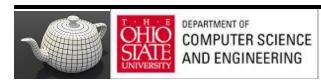
#### Reference Books



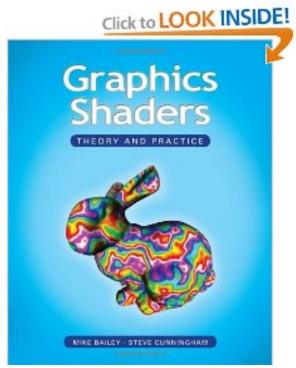
Computer Graphics Safariante Principle and Practice 3<sup>rd</sup> edition



Real-Time Rendering 3<sup>rd</sup> edition

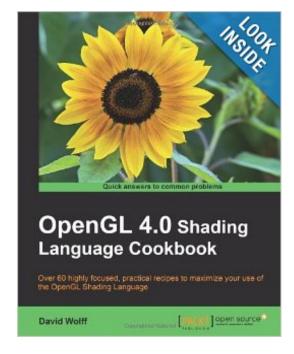


#### Reference Books



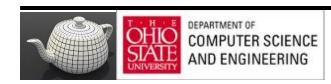
Graphics shaders: Theory and Practice, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition



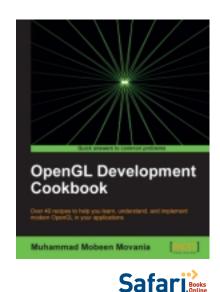


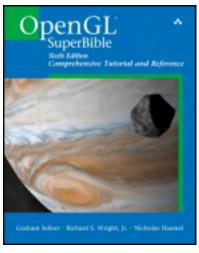
OpenGL 4.0 Shading Language Cookbook



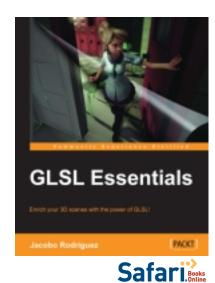


### Reference - Und Others











#### Reference





### What do we Study?



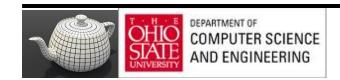
## **Teapots**



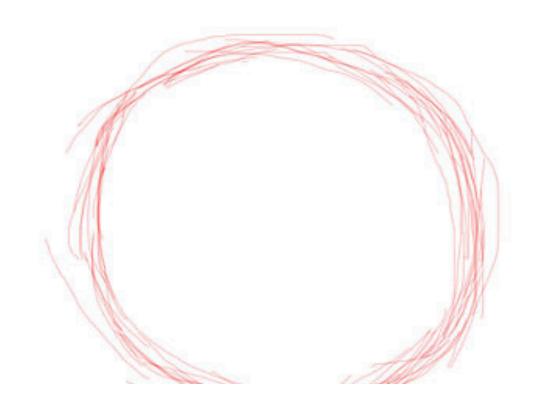
#### A Real One



## Drawing Teapots

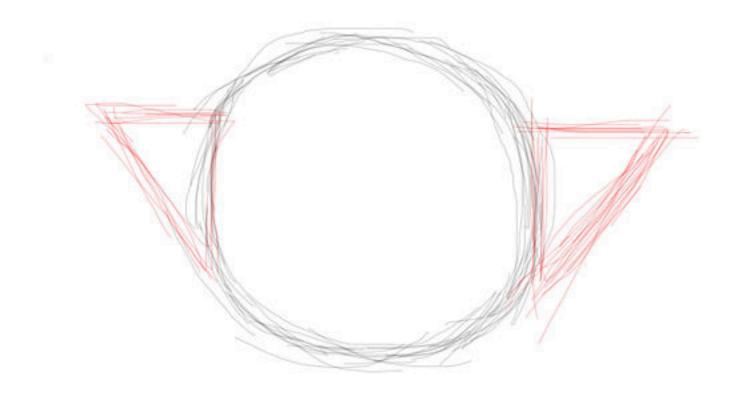


## Step I

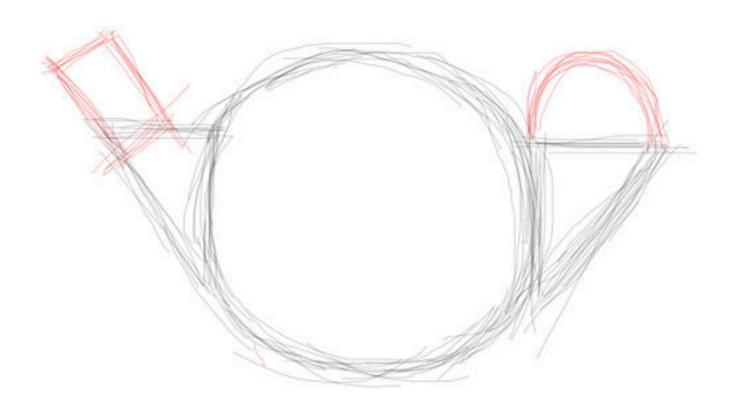


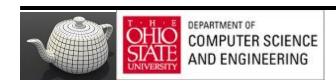


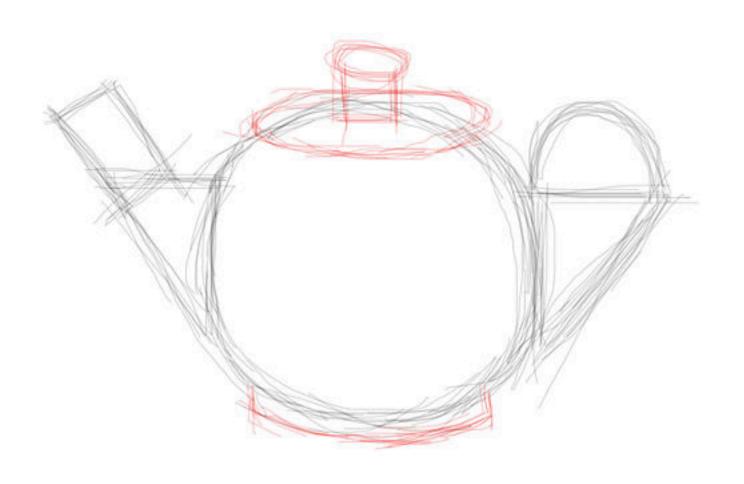
## Step 2

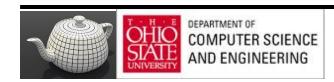




















### Manufacturing Teapots & Minions

### Manufacturing Teapots

http://oncampus.osu.edu/replicating-in-3d/

https://www.ted.com/talks/lisa\_harouni\_a\_primer\_on\_3d\_printing

http://news.cornell.edu/stories/2013/04/rapid-reality-students-design-3-d-printed-products



#### You will all make these ©





http://www.thingiverse.com/thing:68880

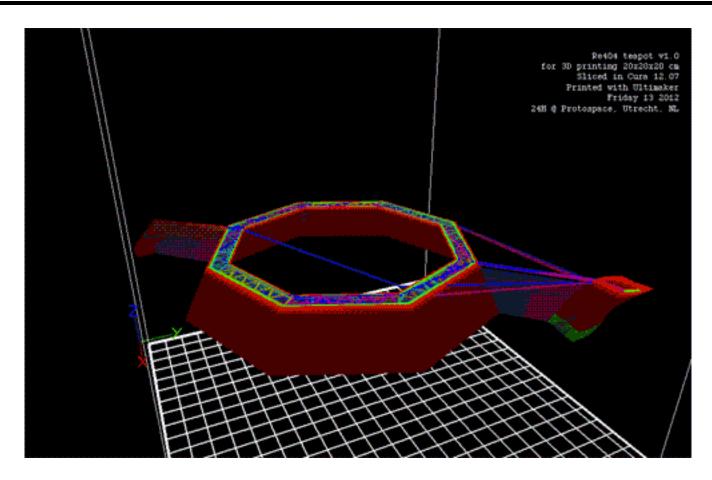


#### http://www.thingiverse.com/thing:68880





### Manufacturing Teapots



http://onderin.de.buro.la/cura-ani-500-64c.gif



#### And These



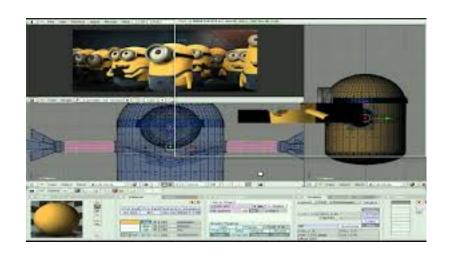


### Maybe Not This





### Manufacturing Minions





https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-2uY7rjhhMs



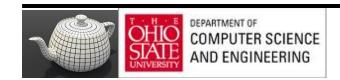
#### We will not do this ...



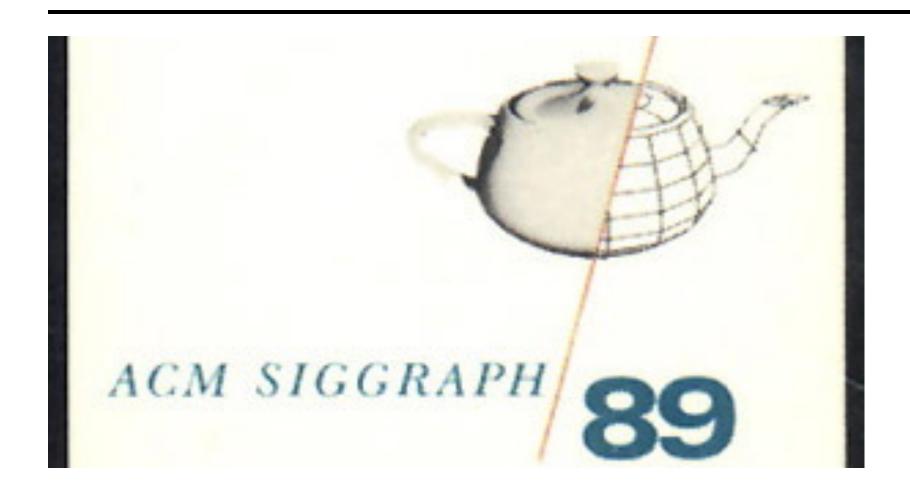
Kevin Wolf, 3D Printer, Mechanical Eng., OSU



## Virtual Teapots



#### An Icon!





### Which one is real?





#### Real vs Virtual – Boston Museum





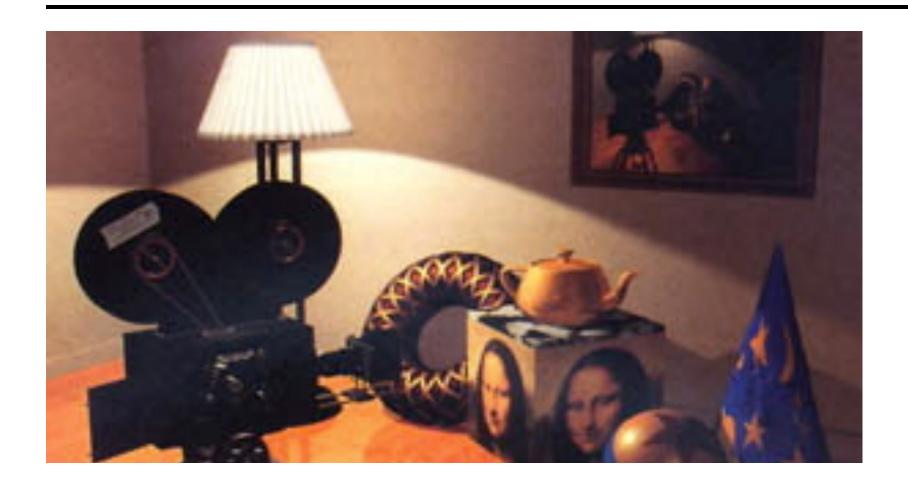
#### More fake ones!



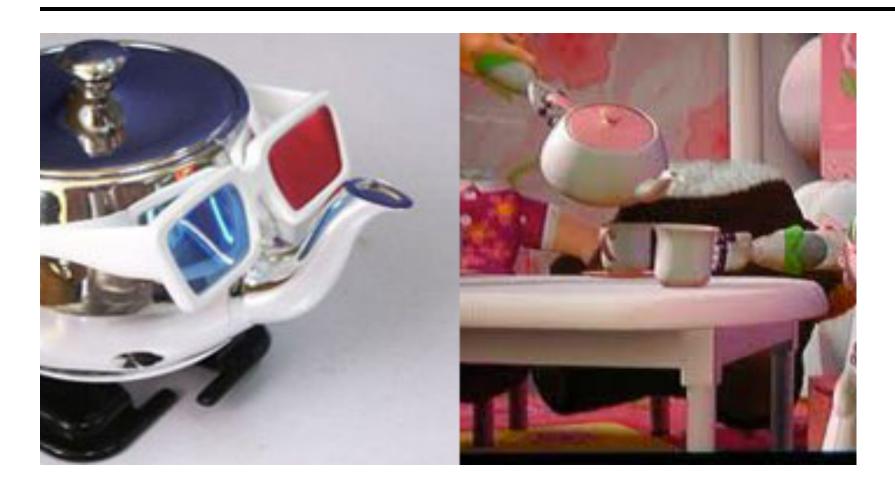
http://codegolf.stackexchange.com/questions/22620/draw-the-utah-teapot



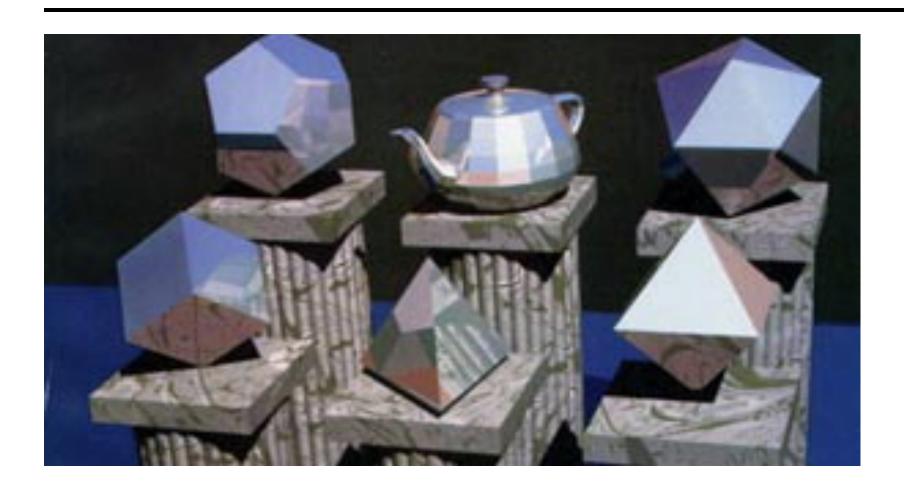
## Shutterbug!



# Toy Story



## A Platonic Relationship!



### Building with Blender

https://www.youtube.com/watch?

v=QyiBwL2Scec

#### **Another Method**

https://www.youtube.com/watch?

v=x8AiEi4aJ4g

## You will be also doing this ...



#### And better than this!





## OpenGL, GLSL





## OpenGL, GLSL

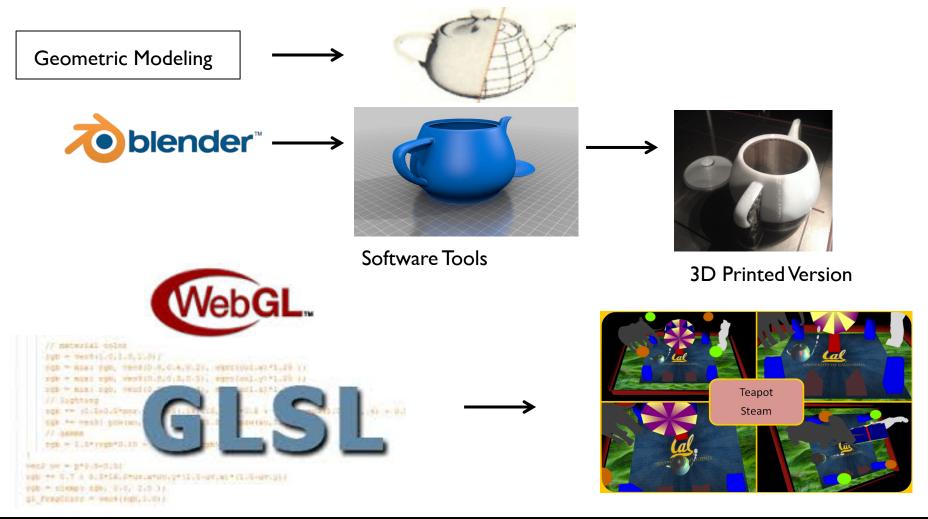




## Topics and Outcomes



#### To Reiterate





# Learning Outcomes - Familiarity

- Basic understanding of graphics hardware/software

Basics of modeling and 3D Printing

Basics of interaction



## Learning Outcomes - Skills

- OpenGL/GLSL to control graphics hardware
- WebGL/OpenGL-ES to allow interactions
- Blender to build models

### Learning Outcomes - Cognitive

- Advanced real time rendering algorithms

Integrating three different software suites –
 WebGL, GLSL, OpenGL

- Solid and curve modeling nuances

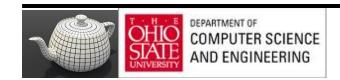
## Specific Topics

- Overview of Graphics Hardware and Software
- Coordinate systems
- WebGL Interaction modes
  - HTML 5
  - Immediate vs. retained mode
- OpenGL geometry drawing
  - OpenGL vertex buffer objects
- OpenGL Shading Language
  - Vertex and fragment shaders
- 3D transformation and Viewing



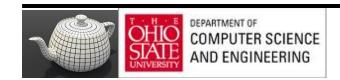
## Specific Topics

- Illumination
  - Flat, Gourad, Phong shading models
  - Fixed function pipeline and shaders
- Visibility and Z-buffering
- Texture Mapping
  - Image and procedural textures
- Bump, environment, & projective texture mapping

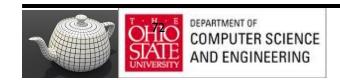


# Specific Topics

- Real time shadows
- Particle Methods
- Advanced topics in shaders
  - Geometry shader
  - Tessellation shader
- Advanced topics in rendering and graphics



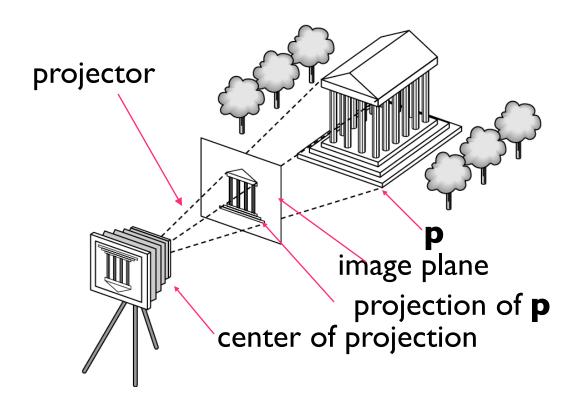
## Image Formation



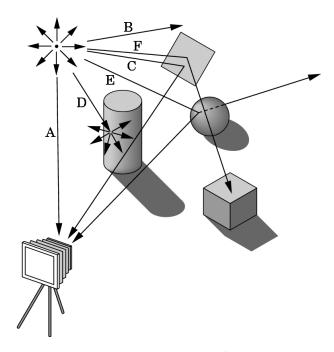
## Image Formation

- Cameras
- Microscopes
- Telescopes
- Human visual system

## Synthetic Camera Model



#### Image Formation (Eine Explanation)



Ray Tracing and Geometric Optics Problemo?



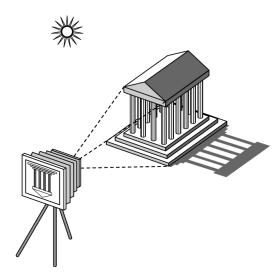
#### The Real Thing!

http://www.uccs.edu/~rtirado/Astronomy\_Texts/Light\_Image\_Formation.pdf



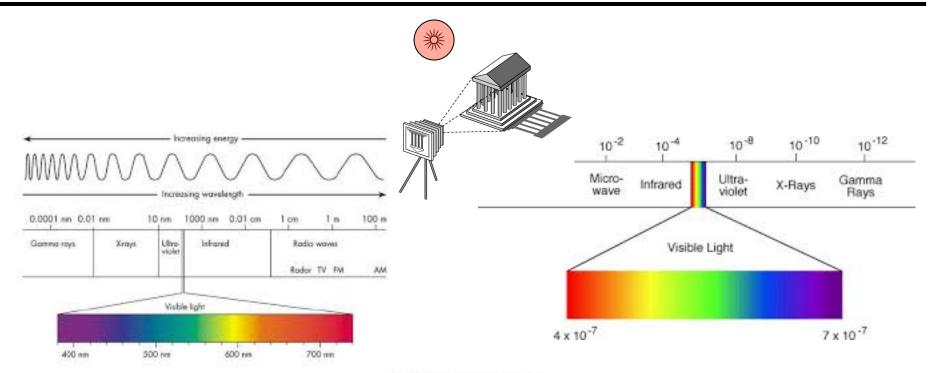
### Essentials of Image Formation

- Objects
- Camera
- Light source(s)

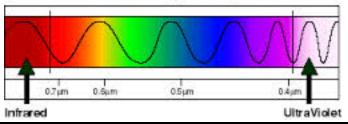


- Light-material interaction
- Independence of objects, viewer, and light source(s)

## Light



#### Visible Light Region of the Electromagnetic Spectrum



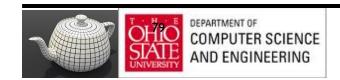




## Luminance vs. Color



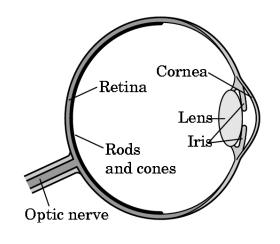
http://www.workwithcolor.com/color-luminance-2233.htm



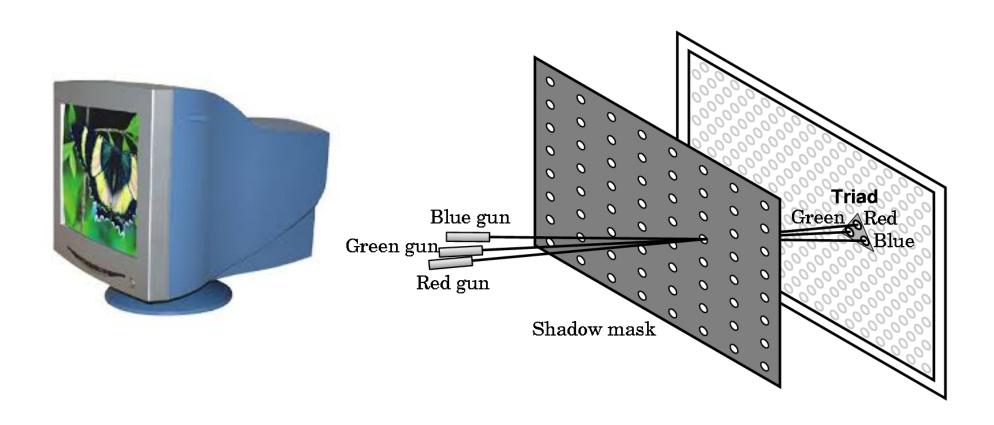
## How Many Colors?

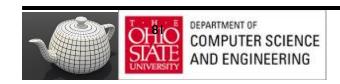
#### Human visual system

- Rods: monochromatic, night vision
- Cones
  - Color sensitive
  - Three types of cones
  - Only three values (the tristimulus values) are sent to the brain
- Three primary colors R, G, B

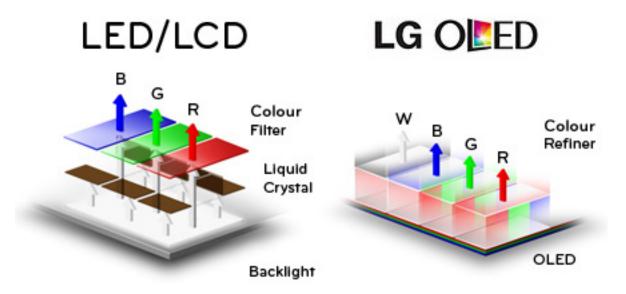


## In Days Long Gone





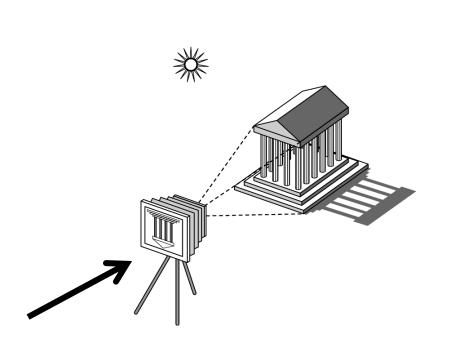
## Even in these days!

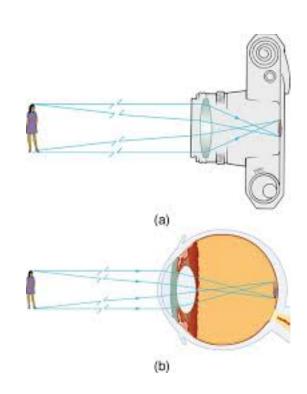


- Complex Structure
- BLU (Backlight Unit) CCFL, LED
- Lighting Unit = Pixel Unit

- Simple Structure
- Self-emissive
- Lighting Unit = Pixel Unit

## The Camera

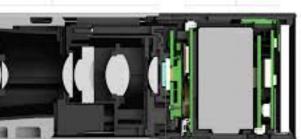




## Real Cameras



Care
The Aya's Light their Carene (DAS) with a to additionally on the agent algorithm. On additional only, the agent of an additional of the latest of the additional of latest and additional of latest replications.



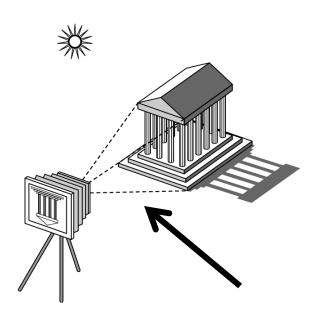
Light Next Begins 1.0
The Light Field English represent the representation to the local construction of the light run did a reduced by the second

The Light Field English bases with 6-bity strong poduce as it is strong Lighting pay referent particular right on the commits on your develop and strong

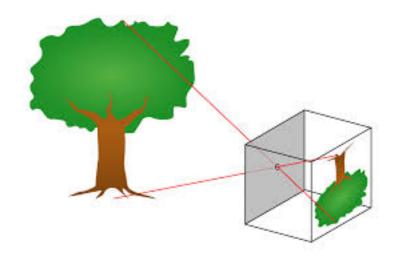


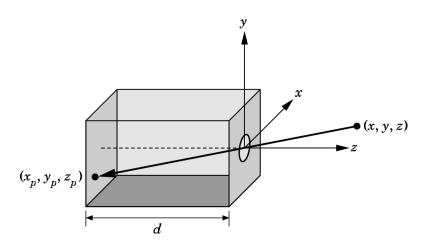


## Viewing



#### Eine Simple Kamera – The Pinhole

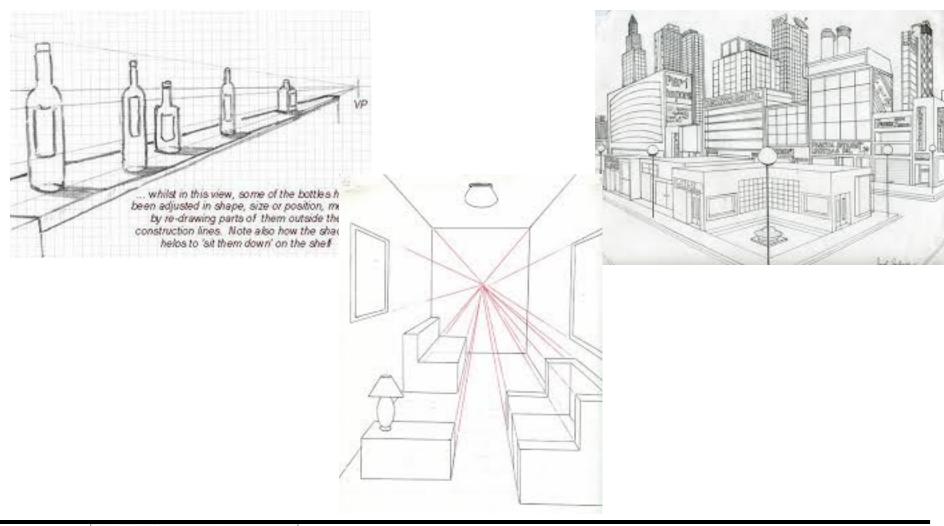




Simple Perspective - find projection of point at (x,y,z)

$$x_p = -x/z/d$$
  $y_p = -y/z/d$   $z_p = d$ 

## Perspective





#### DYC





http://www.pinhole.cz/en/pinholecameras/dirkon\_01.html



#### Not Bad ©



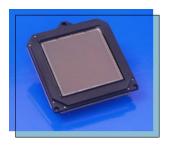




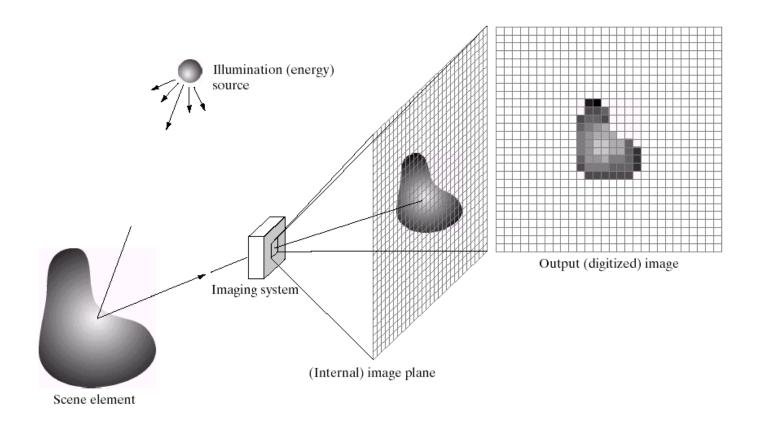


# Let Us Go Digital



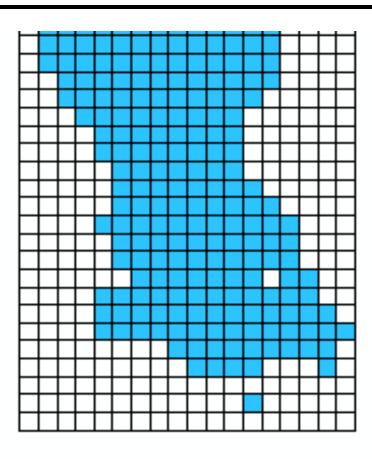


## Rasters



#### Pixels & Resolution





## Is A Pixel Really A Square?

A Pixel Is Not A Little Square, A Pixel Is Not A Little Square, A Pixel Is Not A Little Square! (And a Voxel is Not a Little Cube)<sup>1</sup>

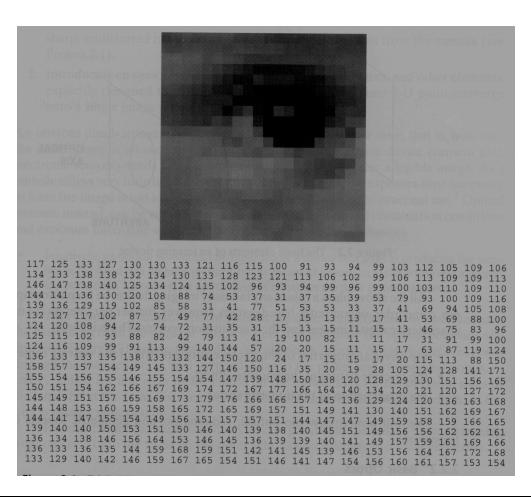
Technical Memo 6

Alvy Ray Smith July 17, 1995

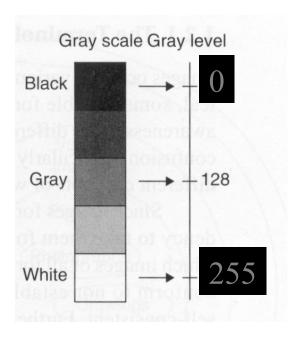
http://alvyray.com/Memos/CG/Microsoft/6\_pixel.pdf



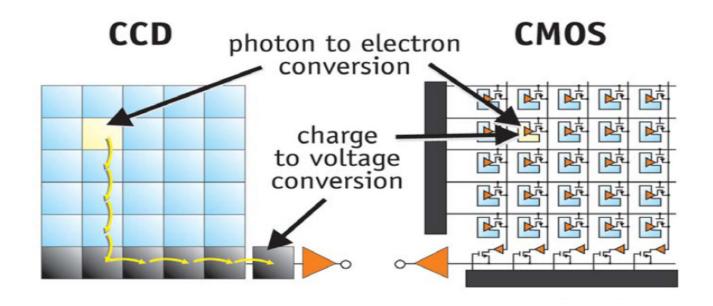
## An image?



#### 8 bits/pixel



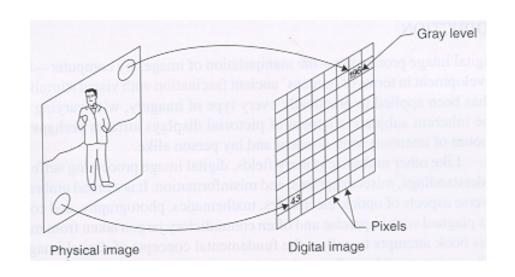
#### CCD Cameras - Resolution

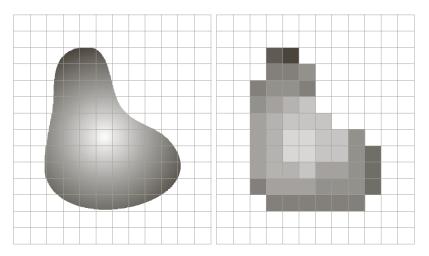


http://www.dalsa.com/shared/content/pdfs/CCD\_vs\_CMOS\_Litwiller\_2005.pdf



## Image Digitization

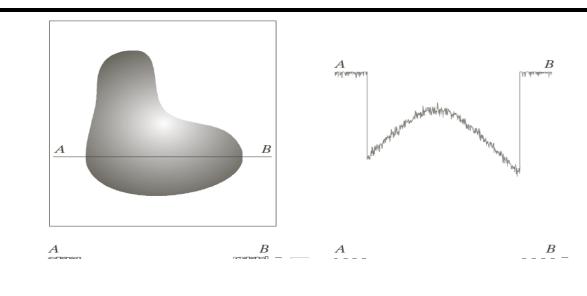


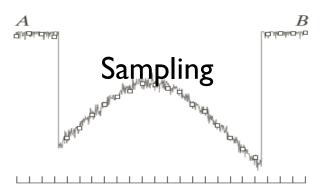


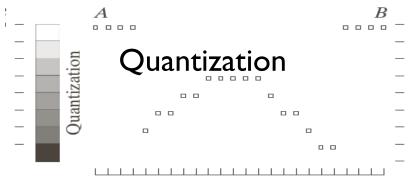
Sampling: Resolution

**Quantization**: Measured Value

## Image Digitization







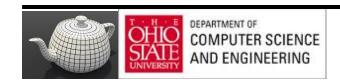


https://get.webgl.org/



#### **Kewl Sites**

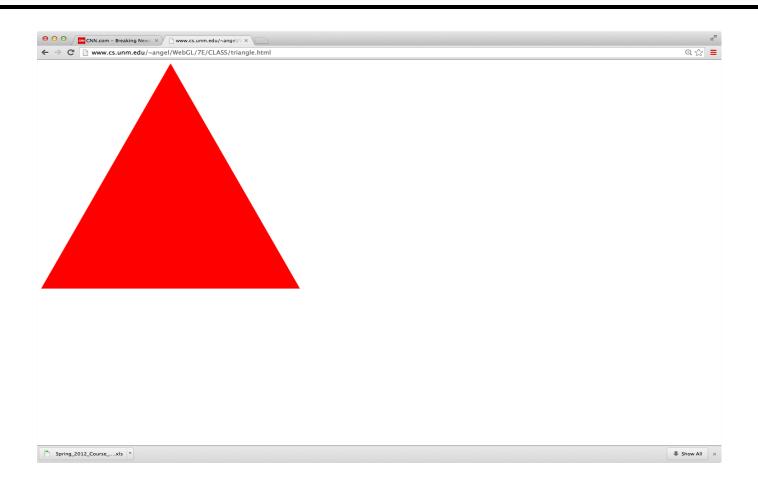
http://www.chromeexperiments.com/webgl/



## Coding in WebGL

- Can run WebGL on any recent browser
  - Chrome
  - Firefox
  - Safari
  - IE
- Code written in JavaScript
- JS runs within browser
  - Use local resources

## Example: triangle.html





#### Example Code

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<script id="vertex-shader" type="x-shader/x-vertex">
attribute vec4 vPosition;
void main(){
 gl_Position = vPosition;
</script>
<script id="fragment-shader" type="x-shader/x-fragment">
precision mediump float;
void main(){
  gl_FragColor = vec4(1.0, 0.0, 0.0, 1.0);
</script>
```

#### HTML File (contd.)

```
<script type="text/javascript" src="../Common/webgl-utils.js"></script>
<script type="text/javascript" src="../Common/initShaders.js"></script>
<script type="text/javascript" src="../Common/MV.js"></script>
<script type="text/javascript" src="triangle.js"></script>
</head>
<body>
<canvas id="gl-canvas" width="512" height="512">
Oops ... your browser doesn't support the HTML5 canvas element
</canvas>
</body>
</html>
```

### JS File

```
var gl;
var points;
window.onload = function init(){
  var canvas = document.getElementById( "gl-canvas" );
   gl = WebGLUtils.setupWebGL( canvas );
   if ( !gl ) { alert( "WebGL isn't available" );
// Three Vertices
var vertices = [
     vec2(-I,-I),
     vec2( 0, I),
     vec2( I,-I)
];
```





## JS File (contd.)

```
// Configure WebGL
  gl.viewport(0,0, canvas.width, canvas.height);
  gl.clearColor( 1.0, 1.0, 1.0, 1.0);
// Load shaders and initialize attribute buffers
  var program = initShaders( gl, "vertex-shader", "fragment-shader" );
  gl.useProgram( program );
// Load the data into the GPU
  var bufferId = gl.createBuffer();
  gl.bindBuffer(gl.ARRAY BUFFER, bufferId);
  gl.bufferData(gl.ARRAY BUFFER, flatten(vertices), gl.STATIC DRAW);
```

## JS File (contd.)

```
// Associate out shader variables with our data buffer

var vPosition = gl.getAttribLocation( program, "vPosition" );
    gl.vertexAttribPointer( vPosition, 2, gl.FLOAT, false, 0, 0 );
    gl.enableVertexAttribArray( vPosition );
    render();
};

function render() {
    gl.clear( gl.COLOR_BUFFER_BIT );
    gl.drawArrays( gl.TRIANGLES, 0, 3 );
}
```

### JavaScript Notes

- JavaScript (JS) is the language of the Web
  - All browsers will execute JS code
  - JavaScript is an interpreted object-oriented language

#### JS Notes

- Is JS slow?
  - JS engines in browsers are getting much faster
  - Not a key issues for graphics since once we get the data to the GPU it doesn't matter how we got the data there
- JS is a (too) big language
  - We don't need to use it all
  - Choose parts we want to use
  - Don't try to make your code look like C or Java





